# FREEMASON ALATELIC



Journal of the

MASONIC STUDY UNIT









Editor Robert A. Domingue 59 Greenwood Road Andover, Moss. Ol810

Vol. 30 No. 2

July-August 2005

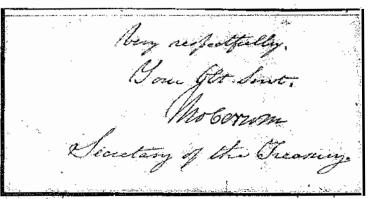
Whole No. 168

#### THOMAS CORWIN

Thomas Corwin, Secretary of the Treasury 1850-53, is pictured on the \$30.00 denomination of the U.S. Documentary Revenue Stamps.



Stamp (2 306)



Signature as Secretary of the Treasury

Thomas Corwin was born in Bourbon County, Kentucky, on July 29, 1794. His father moved the family to Lebanon, Ohio, when Thomas was four years old. The father served eleven terms in the Ohio House of Representatives and passed on his political interests to his son. Admitted to the Ohio bar in 1817, he developed an extensive practice and was elected to the state legislature in 1822, serving until 1829. He was elected to the U.S. Congress serving from 1830 to 1840 when he resigned to become a candidate for governor. Elected he served until 1844 when he was elected to the U.S. Senate for one term. In 1850, President Fillmore appointed him Secretary of the Treasury. He served two more terms in Congress but when Lincoln became President, he named Corwin as Minister to Mexico. In that role he was able to prevent the Confederacy from gaining Mexican help. Ill health forced him to resign in 1864 and he died the following year.

Bro. Corwin was a member of Lebanon Lodge #26, Lebanon, OH, being raised in 1817. He served as Worshipful Master of this Lodge in 1819, 20, 21, 24, 25 and 43. He served as Grand Orator of the Grand Lodge of Ohio in 1821 and 1826. He was Deputy Grand Master in 1823 and 1827 and Grand Master in 1828.

Information provided by Bro. Norman G. Lincoln. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

#### **NEW MEMBERS:**

127. Zoltan Szollosy, 84-58 Abingdon Road, Kew Gardens, NY 11415 137. Martin R. Farber, 1801 Fonseca Way, The Villages, FL 32159

#### ADDRESS CHANGES:

272. James W. Brodt, 1203 Lincoln Heights Ave., Ephrata, PA 17522

#### **CLOSED ALBUMS:**

60. Sidney W. Martin, late of South Australia

It is with great sorrow that I pass on the information provided by his son Graham that Bro. Sid passed away on Thursday, March 26, 2005. Bro. Sid was one of the "Old Timers" of Masonic Philately and I had corresponded with him for many decades. He founded the Masonic Stamp Club of South Australia and wrote its Newsletter for many years. He will long be remembered as a great man, a racious teacher and an able communicator – a real credit to the Craft.

Bro. Szollosy received his application through the APS and is a member of Lessing Lodge #608, 9<sup>th</sup> Manhattan District.

Bro. Farber has received his first two degrees in Villages Lodge No. 394, The Villages, FL and is looking forward to his Master Mason degree soon. Both he and his wife, Lenore Smiley, are interested in Masonic Philately – his interest being in Masonic symbols and Temples on stamps. He is an ASDA dealer specializing in France and Colonies and Scandinavia.

In the previous Newsletter 1 provided information on obtaining the New Zealand Cover from Bro. Vic Fabian. Unfortunately, I provided the incorrect street name - I stated "Northgate", it should have been "Northgrove". (All Masons should realize that there is no gate in the north.) I apologize for the mistake and if anyone lost out on getting this cover because of this error, I will gladly reimburse you for your losses.

The title page story in the previous Newsletter was quite interesting and, I can imagine, excited a few collectors with the possibility of another Pure Masonic Issue. I must report, however, that the design shown is the product of a very fertile mind and wishful thinking. It is a proposal from one of our members, Bro. Sergio Feirando, a very dedicated Masonic Philatelist, for an Italian stamp. Bro. Massimo Morgantini states that the official proposal for a stamp to honor the bicentenary of Freemasonry in Italy is still in the planning stages. Some covers have been prepared (shown later in this issue) but no stamps—vet. Also — check http://www.bicentenario-goi.it/index1.htm for updates.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### MASONIC STUDY UNIT OF THE AMERICAN TOPICAL ASSOCIATION

Robert A. Domingue

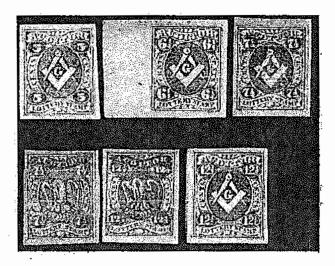
59 Greenwood Rd.

President Editor & Secretary-Treasurer E.E."Gene" Fricks 25 Mnrray Way Blackwood, NJ 08012 Andover, MA 01810 genefiricks@comcast.net radpm@comcast\_nct

Annual Membership: \$10.00 - USA, \$12.00 - Canada & Mexico; \$16.00 - All Other

#### LOUISIANA LOTTERY STAMPS

A listing in Eric Jackson's Revenues web site whetted my curiosity the other day and I pursued the issue with a "google search". The findings are combined below to give further insight into these interesting Masonic stamps.



The stamps shown on Eric Jackson's web site (www.ericjackson.com) are reproduced above and are identified as LA LY 1, 2, 3a, 5, 7 and 9. The 5c, 6 1/4c, 7 1/2c and 12 1/2c stamps with the Masonic Square and Compasses in the Fellowcraft position are light blue. The 7 1/2c and 12 1/2c stamps with the pelican are light green. The 5c stamp is stated to be one of three recorded copies. The asking price is \$5,500.00.

The Louisiana Freemason web site (www.lamason.com) offiers a 1995 article. "Freemasonry And The Louisiana Lottery Tax Stamps of 1866" by Ray W. Burgess, Past Grand Master. Lotteries were legal in the US as a carry-over from the common law of England until they were prohibited by statues or by state constitutions. During the Civil War period, when the government was taxing many items by means of the well known documentary stamps, lotteries were specifically taxed. By 1864 the tax was set at 5% of face value with a license fee of \$100; lotteries for charitable purposes were exempted. The first lottery granted to a Masonic organization was given by Rhode Island in 1759 to erect a building. A 1785 lottery in Virginia raised 1,500 pounds for the Freemasons of Richmond and there are several other Masonic lotteries cited from 1786 to 1828.

Undoubtedly, Louisiana led all the other states in the use of personal lotteries and it is surprising to find only one license for the Masonic Order. On Feb. 16, 1827, the Louisiana Legislature, by a Special Act, authorized the Grand Lodge of the State of Louisiana to raise by lottery, \$35,000, for the purpose of building a Masonic Hall in the City of New Orleans. Since the records of the Old Grand Lodge were destroyed, it cannot be determined if the money was actually raised – it is known that the Grand Lodge did not build a Masonic Hall during that time frame. So far as is known, only two states ever issued stamps to tax lotteries – Maryland and Louisiana. Maryland imprinted a simply worded stamping on each ticket showing that the tax had been paid.

Louisiana, commencing with the issuance of some adhesive Tax stamps, built up a lottery business which eventually shook the nation and made the words "Louisiana Lottery" a symbol of gambling excitement and political corruption. About 1866 these lotteries became a matter of serious concern. In the aftermath of the Civil War, the State was in political confusion and gambling concerns in New Orleans were operating on a large scale; corruption ran rampant. It was thought these evils might be reduced by making some simple form of gambling definite and legitimate -- Act 21 of 1866 licensed the vending of lottery tickets. The tax was set at 5% of the face selling value of every lottery ticket sold in Louisiana; payment of the tax was evidenced by the use of special adhesive stamps provided for the purpose. The tax went into effect Feb. 28, 1866 and the necessary stamps duly appeared. The printers are unknown and there is no record of all the denominations issued. After about two years' trial, the stamp plan did not work. Although the lottery business was flourishing and increasing, the tax returns to the State decreased - thousands of lottery tickets were being peddled without stamps. It was impossible for the State inspectors to check the lotteries fast enough and convictions were rarely obtained. The idea was advanced to license a single company which would have the exclusive right to sell lottery tickets in the State. Use of all the stamps was discontinued December 31, 1868.

The reason for employing the Masonic emblem as the centerpiece of the stamp is a mystery. It is suggested that since the Masonic fraternity promotes charity in many forms and since the majority of these lotteries were for charitable purposes, it would be logical to use the Masonic emblem. M. Wor. Burgess does not believe that to be correct but cannot provide a logical explanation. Perhaps it results from a desire by the printers of the stamps which might have been similar to the postmasters of that era who used the symbol to cancel letters—they we members and revered their Fraternity.

Bro. Burgess also states that "the stamp is listed in Elbert S. Amilee Hubbard's "U.S. State Revenue Stamps" and it is worth about \$20.00 to a collector."

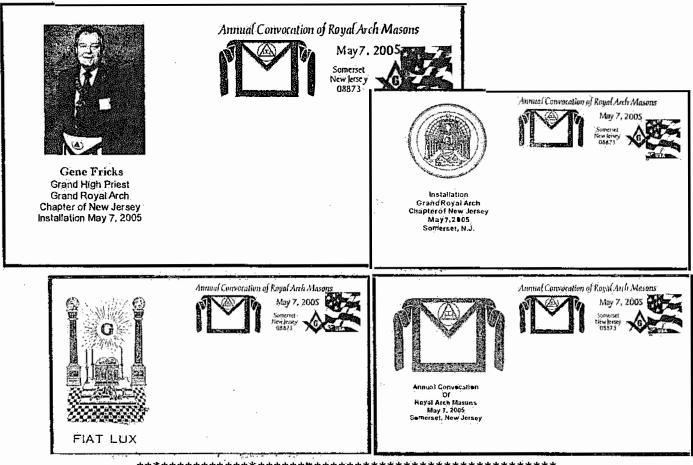
## RECENT BRAZILIAN COVER

A recent cover to commemorate the 40<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Founding of the Grand Lodge of the State of Rondonia. Contact Bro. Dr. Renato Mauro Schramm, President of the Clube Filatelico Maconico do Brasil at Caixa Postal 3085, 88010970 Florianopolis – SC – Brazil (www.filateliamaconica.com) to acquire this cover.



### NJ ROYAL ARCH COVERS by DICK MEKENIAN

Bro. Dick Mekenian, 711 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Spring Lake, NJ 07762-1225 has issued a set of four covers to commemorate the Annual Convocation of Royal Arch Masons in NJ. The cost is \$10.00 for the set. Of special note to our Unit is the cover (shown larger than the others) which honors our Unit President, Gene Fricks who was installed as Grand High Priest of NJ by the Grand Master of NJ, M. Wor. Robert Sheridan. Congratulations, Bro. Gene and best wishes for a great term. (Bro. Dick was made his Aide on his Grand Staff.)



#### NATIONAL HERITAGE MUSEUM PUBLISHES NEW MASONIC BOOK

The National Heritage Museum, Lexington, MA, in partnership with New York University Press, has proudly announced the publication of American Freemasons: three Centuries of Building Communities, a lavishly illustrated 280-page volume examining the central role Freemasonry has played in American history from the colonial era to the present day. Written by Mark Tabbert, Curator of Masonic Fraternal Collections at the Museum, it is the first book of its kind to trace Freemasonry from its origins through its extraordinary impact on our nation from the time of the Revolution, to the labor and civil rights movement, and into our own century. The book retails or \$29.95 and is available at the Museum's Heritage Shop. For more information visit their web site at <a href="https://www.monh.org">www.monh.org</a> or call 781-861-6559. I now own this book and can state that it makes a strong use of Masonic post cards (from Bro. Ralph Duncan's collection) for illustrations.

#### FINIS E. DAVIS



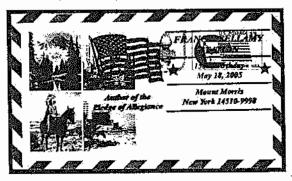
Bro. Finis E. Davis was honored by San Marino in 1960 for his work with the blind – he was pictured on the Lions International stamp released in 1960, Scott No. 470. He was initiated in Pulaski Heights Lodge No. 673 in Little Rock, Arkansas on March 2, 1946, passed on March 19 and raised April 30. He joined Little Rock Consistory on May 6-8, 1946 and transferred his membership from there to Louisville, KY on November 4, 1950. He kept his Blue Lodge membership in Little Rock when he moved to Louisville.

Finis E. Davis was born at Ash Flat, Arkansas in 1911. In 1933 he became an instructor at the Arkansas School for the Blind in Little Rock, becoming superintendent in 1939. In 1947 he went to the American Printing House for the Blind at Louisville, Kentucky as vice-president and general manager. He was recognized by three South American governments for his help in setting up printing houses in those countries to produce Braille in their own language. The University of Louisville awarded him an honorary Doctorate in Science in 1985. He joined the Little Rock Club of Lions International in 1941 and served as President in 1946-47. He served as President of the Louisville Club in 1950-51 and as International Vice-president in 1959-60. He was made International President in 1960-61. He died May 15, 1998.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### SPECIAL FRANCIS J. BELLAMY CANCELLATION

President Gene Fricks sent in a copy of a special cancel he acquired that was used in Mount Morris, NY, to note Francis J. Bellamy's 150<sup>th</sup> Birthday on May 18, 2005.



Bro. Bellamy was born in Mount Morris, NY on May 18, 1855 and moved to Rome, NY in the early 1860s. His father was pastor of the First Baptist Church there. He graduated from the University of Rochester in 1876 and went to Boston on the staff of "Youth's Companion" while that magazine was conducting a national campaign to have the flag displayed at every school. During this period he wrote and published his Pledge of Allegiance to be repeated when the flag was displayed. He died in Tampa, FL on August 28, 1931.

On May 11, 1880, Francis J. Bellamy was raised in Little Falls Lodge No.181, Little Falls, NY, while he was pastor of the Little Falls Baptist Church.

#### ITALIAN MASONIC COVERS

As mentioned earlier, there have been some interesting Masonic covers issued by the Grand Orient of Italy to commemorate, among other events, the Bicentennial of Freemasonry in Italy. Covers which have been issued are shown here – information on their acquisition can be obtained from Bro, Massimo Morgantini, Via Marco Tabgarrini 15,0017 Roma, Italy or via e-mail at massimomorgantini@yahoo.it



Bro. Lincoln reported in the last issue that Oscar Peterson of Canada was a Mason. Bro. Westbere has searched sources in Canada and cannot find any reference. Any help?

#### ALEXANDER JOY CARTWRIGHT

When the National Baseball Hall of Fame was established in Cooperstown, NY, on June 12, 1939, the U.S. Postal Department issued a stamp to commemorate this great event. In the midst of the preparations, a grandson of Alexander Cartwright provided clippings, his diary and other material that proved that Cartwright was the real founder of modern day baseball, not Doubleday. The committee had progressed too far, however, in their plans to conform to the facts but did condescend to have an "Alexander Cartwright Day" during the festivities which honored the wrong man, the wrong city and the wrong date.



50855

Alexander Cartwright was born April 17, 1820 in New York City and became a noted Engineer/Surveyor. He first began playing baseball in 1842 with others of the Professional, Financial and Social set. On September 23, 1845, a baseball club known as the "Knickerbockers" was organized of which Cartwright was a member. A diagram was introduced by Cartwright late in 1845 showing where the 9 players were to stand as well as the umpire and scorer. Players voted in favor of it and the first organized game was played June 19, 1846, in Hoboken, NJ. The Knickerbockers lost that game by a score of 23-1. Only minor changes have been made in the original plans. Conclusive proof shows Cartwright as the Father of Modern Baseball and not Doubleday.

Cartwright left New York to mine gold in California in 1849, fell ill and settled in Hawaii where he became a successful businessman and served as Fire Chief of Honolulu in the 1850s. He established the first baseball league composed of teams he created from throughout the Hawaiian Islands. His Hawaiian leagues became a model for the modern American and National Leagues of today. He died July 12, 1892 in Honolulu. In 1938, Cartwright was elected to the Baseball Hall of Fame.

Bro. Cartwright petitioned Lodge Le Progress de L'Oceanie and was raised March 1, 1850. After this Lodge became dormant in 1851, Cartwright and others formed Hawaiian Lodge U.D. and dispensation was granted on Jan 12, 1852 by the Grand Lodge of California, Cartwright was immediately elected Secretary. He later served as Master for two terms, 1855 and 1856. He officiated at the cornerstone laying of the new government building in Honolulu on Feb. 18, 1872, as acting Grand Master. When he died in 1892, he was buried with Masonic services in Nuuanu cemetery by the Lodge he had served for 40 years.

-Information provided by Bro. Jerry Erickson, California

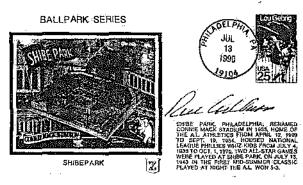
NEW MEMBERS ARE ALWAYS APPRECIATED DO YOU HAVE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS?

#### OTHER BASEBALL NOTARIES

In response to a request from Bro. Westbere, 1 was able to obtain Masonic information on two additional baseball personalities – Curt Gowdy, Announcer, and Ike Delock, Player.

Name: Curtis Edward Gowdy Ivan Martin Delock Born: July 31, 1919 November 1, 1929 Green River, WY Highland Park, MI Member of: Wellesley Lodge Brookline Lodge Wellesley, MA Brookline, MA Entered: Sept. 8, 1953 April 17, 1957 Oct. 13, 1953 Passed: May 16, 1957 Raised: Nov. 10, 1953 June 20, 1957 Feb. 17, 1954 Signed By-Laws: Aug. 23, 1957 Aug. 15, 1978 July 1, 1994 Suspended (NPD):

#### AUTOGRAPHS – MASONIC BASEBALL PLAYERS



Richie Ashburn
Born 3/19/1927 Tilden, NE
Died 9/9/1997 New York City
Hall of Fame – 1995
Played for Phillies, Cubs and the Mets
Member of Famed Phillies Whiz Kids of 1950

Member of Nebraska Lodge #166 (No longer Active)

Taylor Phillips
Pitcher and member of Milwaukee Braves
1957 World Series Champs
Member of Douglasville Lodge #289, GA
Member of Scottish Rite and Shrine





Joe Soulle

Joe Sewell
Born 10/9/1898 Titus, AL
Died 3/6/1990 Mobile, AL
Hall of Fame - 1977
Played for Indians and Yankees
Struck out only 114 times of 7132
Times at bat
Member of Rising Virtue Lodge #4,
Tuscaloosa, AL







#### IRVING BERLIN

The USPS honored Irving Berlin on Sept. 15, 2002, with a stamp. Bro. Berlin received his degrees in Munn Lodge No. 190, New York City on May 12, May 26 and June 3, 1910. He became a life member of this Lodge on Dec. 12, 1935. He received the 32<sup>nd</sup> degree on December 23, 1910 and was initiated into Mecca Shrine Temple on Jan. 30, 1911, becoming a life member of the Shrine in Dec. 1936.

Born Israel Isidore Baline, May 11, 1888 in Tyumen, Siberia, Irving Berlin emigrated to the US in 1893 with the rest of his family. Following the death of his father in 1896 he found himself having to work to survive. He did various street jobs including selling newspapers – this reality had a lasting effect throughout his life on the way he handled money. In 1911, the song "Alexander's Ragtime Band" launched a musical career that would span over a thousand songs including many hit Broadway musicals. His first credited song lyrics were for "Marie from Sunny Italy" in 1907. He was paid 37 cents for this song and due to a misprint on the record, Balin became Berlin.

In 1917 during World War I he staged a patriotic musical revue while at Camp Upton in New York. He composed the song "God Bless America" for the revue but decided against using it. It was also considered for the National Anthem but was rejected by the press for coming from a Jewish composer. It was later included in the 1943 movie "This Is the Army". Despite his musical career, Berlin never learned how to play a piano or read music beyond a rudimentary level. He owned a special piano that mechanically transposed keys and an assistant wrote out the music scores. Becoming a virtual recluse in his last years, Berlin did not attend the 100<sup>th</sup> birthday party held in his honor in 1988. He died of a heart attack in New York City on September 22, 1989.

#### GEORGE MICHAEL COHAN

George M. Cohan always claimed that he was born on July 4, 1878 even though his baptismal certificate states he was born on July 3; the location was Providence, RI. His family members were traveling vaudeville performers and he joined them on stage while still an infant – first as a prop, later learning to dance and sing soon after he could walk and talk. He became known as one of vaudeville's best male dancers and started writing original skits and songs for the family act – The Four Cohans. Soon he was writing professionally, selling his first songs to a national publisher in 1893.



He had his first big Broadway hit in 1904 with the show *Little Johnny Jones* which introduced two of his tunes. He became one of the leading Tin Pan Alley songwriters, publishing several hundred songs noted for their catchy melodies and clever lyrics. He wrote numerous Broadway plays in addition to contributing material to shows written by others. He was awarded a Congregational Medal in recognition of his contribution to the war effort (1917-18) through his songs. He died of cancer in New York City on November 5, 1942.

Noble George M. Cohan was not only a Freemason but also a Roman Catholic. He was a life member of Pacific Lodge No. 233, New York City, being raised on November 16, 1905. He received the 32<sup>nd</sup> Degree on February 3, 1906 and became a life member of the Scottish Rite. He was a life member of Mecca Shrine Temple in New York City. The USPS released a stamp on July 4, 1978 as part of the Performing Arts and Artists series which honors George M. Cohan on his 100<sup>th</sup> Birth Anniversary.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### MASONIC WEB SITES

Periodically I browse through the "world wide web" for topics of various interests and am astounded by the number of sites available on virtually every subject. Under the search for "Freemasonry" there are 184,000 listings. It looks like every Masonic organization is represented by a web site as well as every Anti-Masonic faction and book sellers of publications related to the Fraternity. I can't wait until I retire so I have more time to investigate these sites and perhaps be able to perform some research. (Although my wife cautions me with the admonition of "Don't think you are just going to sit in front of that computer when you retire".) There are so many reference sources out there just begging to be used. I now find that as I compose a Newsletter, I "google" the individual being discussed and find some interesting tidbits on his biography that add something different from previous write-ups.

When "Masonic Philately" was entered into the "Search" field today, 33 sites turned up. Names very familiar to our Unit showed up — Trevor Fray, Christopher Murphy, Allan Boudreau, Jack Turpie, Sam Brooks and your Editor. Many of the sites have references and direct links to other Masonic sites — the trail seems to be endless. On one surf session, I came across Bro. Jim Hogg's "Freemasonry and Law Homepage" which refers individuals to the GWMSC and the MSU/ATA. He also provides many Masonic websites of interest. Edward King has created extremely informative web sites for a California Lodge identifying noted Masons over the centuries as well as a listing of those who were reputed to be but were not. I also noted a couple of correspondence sites where individuals were searching for correspondents searching for information; (I will have to follow up on those and perhaps garner some new members for our unit.)

Those who use computers should experiment – it is fun as well as informative.

#### INTERESTING POSTAL CARDS

Win Narry & Hungarfor	0- -
Personal Addressas - Nail Angle 192 - Kinddar Con	27.7 /
Elisha L. Colb.	eckey,

	HAGGAI CHAPTER NO. 53 ROYAL ARCH MASUNS.
Dear Sir and Compani There will be	
work indicated by IX Stated Lection	You still please altfol.
Mark Master APast Master M. E. Master Royal Arch Refreshments	W Scott by provey II A BLANK SMITA Secretary.
7	· · ·

#### **NEW ISSUES**

- The following new issues of Masonic note have been announced in the philatelic press. **SCOTT STAMP MONTHLY**: (July and Aug. 05)
- Gibraltar 1/29/05 1005-8, 1009 Battle of Trafalgar, Bicentennial Lord Nelson St. Vincent 11/25/04 3424-7, 2428-29 Battle of Trafalgar, Bicentennial Lord Nelson
- Chile 5/5/04 1432 7<sup>th</sup> World Conference of Grand Masonic Lodges
- Romania 1/20/05 4694-48 Famous People 4694 pictures Gheorghe Magheru
- Solomon Islands 1/3/05 992-5 (6 stamps each sheet) Battle of Trafalgar, Bicentennial Lord Nelson and Napoleon Bonaparte
- Tristan Da Cunha 1/20/05 758-63, 764 Battle of Trafalgar, Bicentennial Lord Nelson
- Tuvalu 1/14/05 958, 59- D-Day, 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary, includes gen. George C. Marshall LINN'S
- 2005 Argentina Battle of Trafalgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 2005 Cayman Is. Battle of Trafalgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 2005 Jamaica Battle of Trafalgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 4/4/05 The Gambia Battle of Trafalgar 4 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 4/4/05 Palau Friederich Von Schiller 200<sup>th</sup> Death Anniversary pane of 3 se-tenant stamps and S/S
- 4/15/05 Isle of Man End of World War II, 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary 4 se-tenant stamps plus S/S, includes Winston Churchill and King George VI
- 4/21/05 Norfolk Is. Battle of Trafalgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 5/4/05 France Battle of Austerlitz 200<sup>th</sup> Anniversary one value which shows Napoleon
- 5/6/05 British Indian Ocean Territory Battle of Trafalgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 5/8/05 Gibraltar Victory in Europe Day 4 values plus S/S, includes Winston Churchill
- 5/9/05 Alderney Battle of Trafalgar 5 stamps, includes Horatio Nelson
- 5/9/05 -- Croatia Europa/Gastronomy setenant pair of stamps which includes wine
- 5/9/05 Guernse y Liberation of Guernsey 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary se-tenant pair of stamps, includes King George VI
- 5/9/05 Marshall Islands V-E Day 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary block of four se-tenant stamps, include Winston Churchill
- 5/10/05 St. Helena Battle of Trafialgar 6 stamps plus S/S, includes Horatio Nelson
- 5/12/05 Guernsey Friederich Von Schiller 200th Death Anniversary, one value
- 5/17/05 Isle of Man Yamaha Motorcycles 50<sup>th</sup> Anniversary 6 stamps plus S/S, include Joey Dunlop
- 6/24/05 St. Helena World War II 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary I0 se-tenant stamps, include Winston Churchill
- 6/25/05 St. Helena World War II 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary 10 se-tenant stamps, include Douglas MacArthur, Winston Churchill and Franklin D. Roosevelt
- 6/27/05 St. Helena End of World War II 60<sup>th</sup> Anniversary pane of 10 se-tenant stamps, include Winston Churchill